

Old German Type and Handwriting

ROMAN TYPE	GERMAN TYPE	GERMAN SCRIPT	ROMAN TYPE	GERMAN TYPE	GERMAN SCRIPT
A a	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>A a</i>	N n	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>N n</i>
B b	ꝼ Ᵹ	<i>B b</i>	O o	Ꝿ ꝿ	<i>O o</i>
C c	ꝸ Ꝺ	<i>C c</i>	P p	ꝰ ꝱ	<i>P p</i>
D d	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>D d</i>	Q q	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>Q q</i>
E e	ꝸ Ꝺ	<i>E e</i>	R r	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>R r</i>
F f	ꝸ Ꝺ	<i>F f</i>	S s	ꝸ Ꝺ	<i>S s</i>
G g	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>G g</i>	T t	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>T t</i>
H h	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>H h</i>	U u	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>U u</i>
I i	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>I i</i>	V v	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>V v</i>
J j	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>J j</i>	W w	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>W w</i>
K k	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>K k</i>	X x	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>X x</i>
L l	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>L l</i>	Y y	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>Y y</i>
M m	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>M m</i>	Z z	ꝺ Ꝼ	<i>Z z</i>

Modified Vowels (Umlaute)

Ä ä ꝺ ä *Ä ä* Ö ö ꝺ ö *Ö ö*

Ü ü ꝺ ü *Ü ü*

Compound Consonants

ch	ꝺ	<i>ch</i>	ss	ꝺ	<i>ss</i>	tz	ꝺ	<i>tz</i>
sch	ꝺ	<i>sch</i>	ß, sz, ss	ꝺ	<i>ß, sz, ss</i>	ph	ꝺ	<i>ph</i>
ck	ꝺ	<i>ck</i>	st	ꝺ	<i>st</i>			

Distinguish carefully between ꝺ and ꝼ, ꝸ and Ꝺ, ꝺ and Ꝼ, ꝺ and Ꝼ, ꝺ and Ꝼ, ꝺ and Ꝼ, ꝺ and Ꝼ.

The German capital form ꝺ stands for both I and J. When followed by a vowel it is read as J; when followed by a consonant, as I: der ꝺull, der ꝺunge; die ꝺbee, die ꝺusel.

The so-called final ꝺ is used only at the end of words or syllables.

Adapted from Beginning German by Schinnerer, Otto P., 1935

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